VOL. 3. NO. 795.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 20, 1896-EIGHT PAGES.

ONE CENT.

# PASSED IN FIVE HOURS SAY THE WILL IS GENUINE

# Senate Rushes the District Bill Many Witnesses Swear to Judge Through in a Hurry.

FOUR NEW FIRE ENGINES POSITIVE OF THE SIGNATURE

An Amendment to Purchase Them Met With No Objection-Mr. Gorman's Move for the Betterment of the Police and Fire Relief Fund. Analostan Island Knocked Out.

The Senate broke the record yesterday and passed the District appropriation bill in five hours.

me important matters were disposed of The amendment to the bill prepared by the District Commissioners giving them the right to crect telephone poles in the fire limits, and against which the Columbia Heights Citizens' Association was fighting, was knocked out on a point of

The lessons of the fire of Monday night The lessons of the life of Mossay night were quickly learned. The Appropriations Commutee had made provision for two new fire engines and the Senate increased that number to four, appropriating the necessary money to exect and farmish the buildings. An amendment was also adopted providing that a sufficient amount should taken from the fines in the police court

be taken from the rines in the police court to meet all deficiencies in the police and fired a schief fund.

The amendment to purchase Analostan Island for \$112,500 as a luture site for the contagious hospital was deleated after a warm debate. Policemen in the listrict were also remembered in an amendment granting them thirty days' leave with

pay each year.
The charity schedule was passed as mended by the Senate after a debate of an hour. The school schedule passed with but a minor change, and the amend ment dedicating the Potomac Flats to the District as "Riverside Park" met with no objection. The same disposal was made of the amendment to finish the aqueduct

#### THE FIRST DISCUSSION.

The first discussion of the day came when the charity schedule was reached. Mr. Piatt thought it better to leave the charity schedule as it came from the House. That was supposed to be a settlement of a much discussed and vexed question. He insisted it would be better to leave the worker as it came, from the House.

matter as it came from the House.

Mr. Teller agreed with Mr. Platt but said
it would be doing a great logury to certain
worthy institutions. As long as things were as they are the government would have to look after the matter of charity in the

to look after the matter of charty in the
District. The only conclusion the committer could reach was the amendment.

Mr. Peffer opposed the committee amendment. He thought the time had come to
meet the question with heroic measures.

All money should be cut off at once from
all private institutions. He hoped the

all private institutions. He hoped the ninerdiment would not be agreed with. Mr. Gallinger thought the committee had made a mistake in changing the House measure. Back of all was a principle which had to be met sooner or later. In New Hampshire a measure to appropriate maney for a sectarian purpose would meet with no support. He hoped Congress would get rid of this question as soon as possible.

Mr. Sherman said this matter was discussed and settled over forty years ago when he was a member of the House. The sectarian principle was up then as now. He betieved with the other gentlemen that the government should look after charity claims. There must be places where sick

the government should look after charity claims. There must be places where sick persons can be brought. Be thought the amendment a good one. The matter should be postponed until the government had buildings of its own. Any religion is better than none, be thought, and so any clarity is better than none.

On the motion to accept the committee amendment Mr. Gorman spoke. He referred to the work of the superintendent of charity. He trusted the committee amendment would be adopted.

Butterworth. Beginning in 1001, the witness said, Judge Holt had written him on many occasions. Witness had also seen him write and saw the manuscript after it was done.

"I corresponded regularly with Judge Holt for more than twenty years," said Major Throckmorton. "Four or five letters passed each year. The last letter I recollect having written to bim was in 1886."

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amendment. Mr. Cockrell supported the amendment. It gave money for the relief of humanity. Mr. Cockrell held that there were no public institutions in the city to care for the needy. If the House bill passed clarity must be let out by

"Advertised to the lowest bidder?" queried Mr. Gray MUST BE ADVERTISED.

Yes, advertised," responded Mr. Gray, would like to see the contracts which would be drawn up to cover the case. Uncerthe House bill, he claimed, the amount appropriated could not be used. So the com-nattee and done the best thing in offering

amcadment, r Gallinger wanted the House bill given a trial for a year at least. Then Con gress would have some chance to get at

Mr. Allison said it was the intentior of the committee to meet the views of the House on the charity question. But it could not see its way clear to do this If could not see its way clear to do this without crippling seriously some of the most worthy charities of the city. It was said to us that there would be no change of existing affairs under the House measure. The committee had found but two general dispensing agencies in the bistrict. One was the Almshouse. He would not like to see any assigned to it. The other was the Freedman's Hospital. So the committee found it would be incommittee found it would be in-to follow the provisions of the bill.

Wolcott naked why the amendment was added that no money should go to a Mr. Allison explained that the committee

had been informed that some of the in-stitutions had given part of their ap-propriation to the building of charches. The vote stood 35 to 13 in favor of the ittee amendment. The vote in de

se voting aye were: Messrs. Aldrich, Those voting aye were Messrs Addren, Allen, Allison, Bacon, Bate, Berry, Black-burn, Caffrey, Cameron, Carter, Chandler, Cockrell, Cullom, Faulkner, Gorman, Gray, Hale, Harris, Hawley, Hill, Jones of Arkansas, Kyle, McPride, Pasco, Perkins, Pettigrew, Roach, Shoup, Stewart, Teller, Yest, Walthall, Wetmore, White, Wilson, and Wolcott.

And Wolcott.
Those voting may were Messrs Baker,
Brown, Burrows, Chilton, Clark, Gal-linger, George, Mills, Nelson, Peffer,
Fratt, and Warren.
Mr. Teller offered an amendment against

any men of a beard of trustees of any institution trading with the institution. Mr. Hawkey introduced an amendment to be added to the fire department schedule providing for the appropriation of \$55,-000 for the purpose of establishing two hew fire companies. Two engines are to be purchased at a cost of \$4,500 each. The femalader of the amount is to be used for the purchase of lots, building and furnish-ing the houses. iding for the appropriation of \$55,-

Mr. Harris did not ask for any further delay on the street railroad paragraph in the street schedule and it remains as published before.

OTHER AMENDMENTS. Among the amendments offered by

enators were:

By Mr. Stewart, to gravel Twentieth
treet extended, \$2,500; to extend Consectical avenue beyond Rock Creen \$10,100, and to macadamize Broad Branch

road, \$5,000.

By Mr. Harris, for the paving of Eighteenth street extended and Cincinnatistreet, \$15,000.

By Mr. Allison, providing for the extension of Leroy Piace to the District line, and changing the appropriation for

Capinued on Eighth Page.

Holi's Handwriting.

Miss Throckmorton and Miss Hynes, Both Familiar With the Late Judge Advocate's Chirography, Pronounce the Testament Genuine-Maj. Throckmorton's Court-Martial.

Much of the evidence submitted yesterday in the Holt will case was for the purpose of establishing the fact that Judge Hol, did write and sign the mys-terious document. When court adjourned in the afternoon, Mr. Darlington, of counsel for the cavcatees, said that his side will probably finish their evidence by noon to-

The continuation of the cross-examina The continuation of the cross-examina-tion of Executor Luke Devlin occupied the carly morning hours. Miss Josephine Holt Throckmorton, one of the bene-ficiaries under the alleged will, succeeded him on the stand, and was closely fol-lowed by Miss Lizzie Hynes, the other chimant by the will.

Airs. Mary McCord-Ray of Kentucky, a relative of Juder Holt, was very familiar

elative of Judge Holt, was very familiar with the testator through a long-con-tinued correspondence with him, and she faily identified the handwriting in the paper as that of the late judge advocate. RULED OUT THE QUARREL.

Another witness asked to prove the genuineness of the handwriting was Mrs. Fannie Throckmorton, mother of Miss Throckmorton. She, too, had received letters from Judge Holt. The last letter was received about 1881, witness said, though she had written the testator a letter or two since that time. They were letter or two since that time. They were both written in 1892, and neither was

both written in 1892, and neither was answered.

The witness proceeded to explain why the letters were not answered, but Judge Wilson stopped her. Mr. Darlington objected to further questions, saying the witness had been called upon merely to prove handwriting.—He knew that the purpose of the cross-examination, he said, was to show that strained relations existed between the Holts and the Throckmortons. The judge refused to permit the explanation proffered.



Miss Throckmorton.

the last witness, was examined by Mr.

After considerable discussion Mr. Worthcourt-martialed for conduct unbecoming an officer in October, 1891, in duplicating an officer in October, 1891, in duplicating his vouchers. His salary was \$291 per month. Some of the counts of the specifications also accused Major Throckmorton of fraudulently drawing checks on the Lincoln Bank of New York city. On co-viction on some of the counts he was sentenced by court-martial to suspension



Maj. Throckmorton

from the service. President Harrison five years suspension. THROCKMORTON'S COURT-MARTIAL.

Mr. Butterworth asked the witness to state the facts in the case of his alleged drawings of fraudulent checks on the New York bank. Mr. Worthington objected, saying the court-martial was not to be tried Mr. Butterworth replied that an attempt

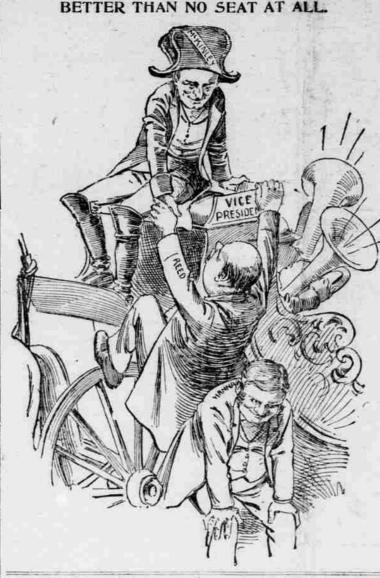
have a fair showing of the extenuating circumstances that might have existed in the case. The objection was overruled an Major Throckmorton made a lengthy

explanation.

More witnesses were called to identify the chirography of the maker of the alleged will. The next of these was John C. Hesse, of No. 508 Eighth street southeast, a circk in the War Department since 1862. He had frequently seen the signature of the late judge advocate general. Witness themselved in the signature of the late judge advocate general. cate general. Witness thought the signs ture at the foot of the will belonged to Judge Holt.

Miss Throckmorton was recalled for "That is the signature of my grand-father," she said, firmly, "and that is his handwriting," pointing to the body of the

The correspondence between the witness and Judge Holt was again gone into at length. Miss Throckmorton had none of



as she asked, "Would you prefer I should call him 'Judge Holt?"

KNEW THE HANDWRITING. Another personal friend of Judge Hoit was Major Theophilus Gaines, now an at-torney, of Fayette, W. Va. He was called next. His familiarity with the hand-writing and signature of the deceased caused him to declare that both the body and the name at the foot of the will were placed there by his friend's hand. Witness saw Judge Holt write a recom-mendation in 1866. That is the last date hie would fix positively as having seen him write. It was in the neighborhood of thirty years between the time he had seen the testator write, and the next time he had seen any of his writing.

There were others of Mr. Darington's witnesses present, and he asked the court for an adjournment until today.

At 2.50 o'clock court adjourned until 10 o'clock this norman. 10 o'clock this morning.

#### LAKE SHORE FREIGHT WRECK. Washington Brakeman Had His Foot

Totedo, O., May 19.-At Air Line Junction

Toledo, O., May 19.—At Air Line Junction this morning as fast freight No. 63, on the Lake Shore, was pulling out, the air hose broke, setting the front brakes.

An empty stock car in the middle of the train was crushed like a paper box, and of seven men who were riding in it, one was killed and five more or less severely injured. Edward Havens of Washington, Ga, was killed.

Theinjuredare Henry A. Woods, Evansville, Ind., right hand crushed and head out: Fred.

Ind., right hand crushed and head cut; Fred Williams, No. 5 Rosewood avenue, Cleveland, Ind., leg crushed; John Metritt, Boston, left foot crushed; William St. Clair, Washington, D. C., left foot crushed; John F. Conway, Utica, N. Y., right footinjured and badly bruised. The seventh man escaped

# FIRST CONFEDERATE FLAG.

Mississippians Recover an Early Emblem of the Civil War. Jackson, Miss., May 19.-Capt. J. C. Rietti has received from New York what is perhaps the first Confederate flag made

is perhaps the first Confederate flag made in Mississippi.

It was presented to the First Mississippi Rifles by the ladies of Jackson on the eve of their departure for Pensacola thirty-five years ago. Phillip Rhinelander of New York sends the flag here for identi-

New York sends the flag here for identification, saying be purchased it from one James Scott's name is not on the old company roster survivors of the First Mississippi would like to know how he came by it. The flag is full of bullet holes, showing it saw warm service. It was stolen from Jackson about the middle of the war and never heard of until today.

# SILVER TO BE IN CONTROL.

Figures on the Delegates. Chicago, Ill., May 19. - Secretary Nelson of the State committee, gave out a state-ment today in which he claimed that if Kentucky goes for silver, the national convention will be controlled by that

faction of the party.

He declared that the fight for silver was practically won in Himois, 304 delegates being instructed for silver and Aliged, out of 325 sn far elected throughout the State, and only seven for gold.

The primaries in this city and county for the Democratic county convention will be beld tomorrow and although a lively time hen tomorrow and almough a rively time is expected the gold organization prac-tically admits defeat by talking of bolt-ing the convention and holding an inde-pendent one. The prospects are that a bolt will occur.

Ottawa, Out., May 19.—The department of marine and fisheries has been warned that extensive illegal fishing is being carried on in Lake Erie. The offenders, it is said, are Americans, who find fishing poor on their own side of the lake. In order to escape detection they remove the order to escape In order to escape detection they remove floats and buoys from their nets when setting them in Canadian waters. The nets are thus sunk below the surface, which renders their detection almost impossible by the dominion cruisers.

To His Last Resting Place. New York, May 19.-The remains of John A. Cockerill were taken this after-noon, in a special car furnished by President Depew, to St. Louis. The car was attached to the Southwestern limited, which left the grand central station at 1 o'clock, and will arrive at its destination at 6:30 p. m. tomorrow evening. The casket was covered with flowers.

B. & O. Receivers' Certificates

New York, May 19.—Gen. Louis Fitz-gerald, chairman of the reorganization committee of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, said today: "The statement that the receivers of the Baltimore and Ohio are to apply to the court for permission to Issue \$5,000.000 of receivers' certificates and \$3,400.000 of car trusts is correct. These will be the maximum issues under the receivership. length. Miss Throckmorton had none of the letters she had received. She had received. She had received are to apply to the court for permission to lesse \$5,000,000 of receivers' certificates and \$3,400,000 of car trusts is correct. These will be the maximum issues under the receivership.

If y institute Business College, Sth and It, and she caused a ripple of bughter.

Ity institute Business College, Sth and K. Our unexcelled summer course, \$5.

# LIKE A DEATH SENTEN(E

Reform Committ e Transvaal Prisoners Get Fifteen Years.

Executive Council Decides Upon the Term-Surprise in London.

London, May 19 .- The Times will (omor row publish a dispatch from Pretoria saying that the executive council of the Transvant has decided that Col. Francis Rhodes, brother of Cecil Rhodes, Lionel Philips, George Farrar and John Hays Hammond, the leaders of the Johannesburg reform committee, who were sentenced to death for high treason against the Transvaal, but whose sentences were subsequently commuted, shall undergo fifteen years imprison

Hence,
It is generally hoped that this sentence will
be modified. No decision has yet been
reached in regard to the other prisoners.
The dispaton does not contain the word
"imprisonment," but the Times assumes that the sentence does not mean banish-ment, because of the expression of tope that it will be mitigated. It says that the sentence is of such excessive rigor as to produce almost as painful an impression of surprise as did the sentence of death. It adds that fifteen years in the Pretoria jail for middle-aged men is almost equivalent to death.

If the prisoners were banished there would be recovered to the present of the present of the present of the prisoners were banished there would be recovered to the present of the

would be no reason to object, but the decision of the council will tend to aggravate the difficulty.

The situation is calculated to obstruct he appeasement of excited feelings. The Times adds that it cannot believe that it is the intention of President Kruger and the council to persist in enforcing the decision unless they have reasons for pursuing a policy which does not make for peace.

### COULDN'T ELECT A SENATOR. Prospect of a Long Struggle in the

Louisiana Legislature. New Orlenns, La., May 19.—Special from Baton Bouge, La., to the Daily States today, says: —As required by law, the two houses of the legislature balloted separately for a United States Senator to succeed Senator N. C. Bianchard, 48; Walter C. Dansers, 20. Can. J.N. Phys. Walter C. Dansers, 20. Can. J.N. Phys. Blanchard, 48; Walter C. Denegre, 30; Capt. J. N. Pharr. 30; Congressman Andrew Price, 3; Judge Blackman, 3; Judge S. D. McEnery, 5; C. E. Fenner, 1. Necessary to a choice, 65. There are a total of 134 votes in the legislature and of these 128 voted today.

#### The prospect is there will be a long and bitter struggle

SHARP FIGHTING IN CUBA. Col. Garrido Encounters Insurgents

Near Canon and Defeats Them. Havana. May 19.—A column of troops under command of Col. Garrido. while marching from Guantzuamo in the direction of Sagua de Tanaino to prevent the rebels from protecting the landing of a fillbustering expedition, which was expected to arrive shortly, met near Canca.

a strong insurgent force occupying a for-midable position.

The troops fiereely attacked the rebels and dislodged them from their position.
The rebel loss is unknown. Eighteen of the troops were seriously and twelve slightly wounded.

Bayard on the Arbitration Movement. London, May 19.—At a meeting of the Peace Society, held tonight for the pur-pose of promoting Angle-American arbi-

Fisherman Drowned at Pensacola. Pensacola, Fla., May 19.-John Clark, a fisherman, aged fifty-seven years, was drowned from the small smack Collins near the Pensacola navy yard about 8 o'clock last night, Some think he jumped overboard in a fit of delirium tremens.

# NO EXTRA CHARGE.

Parties leaving the city for the summer months may have THE TIMES mailed to any address in this country at the regular subscription price. Have THE TIMES follow

you wherever you go and keep informed as to Washington news.

# DEATH LIST IS CLOSED

### Hospital Officials Now Believe Kettler Will Racover.

MANY BENEFITS PLANNED

Prompt and Numerous Offers of Aid for the Bereaved Families Made. Corrected Estimates of the Losses and Insurance-Arrangements for the Four Funerals Completed.

It is now believed that the death list of

Monday night's fire is closed.

The condition of the wounded firemer was reported at Providence Hospital last night to be much improved. Kettler, whose injuries it was first thought would prove fatal, was said to be much better.

Toward midnight he fell asleep and rested, quietly until morning. He is much better than at any-time since he was brought to the hospital and although not yet out of to the hospital and aithough not yet out of danger there is every hope that he will live. The terrible experience of being buried alive for four hours and the constant fear of a terrible death by fire, were a great shock to the brave fireman. He hore up heroically while photoned down in the rules, but when relief came at last and the strain was tessened, reaction set in and the effects of the shock and nervous tension weakened him.

him.

Ponaldson, the other fireman at the hospital, has improved rapidly under the careful nursing of the physicians. He was tadly crusted and suffered considerable pain from his burned hands and arms, but

is in no danger.

At Providence the firemen have a private room which is endowed and kept for their use alone. For this reason they were taken there rather than to Emergency Hospital which was located much nearer the scene of

### FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS.

Arrangements for the burial of the dead, firemen were made yesterday as far as practicable.

the fire

practicable.

It is expected that the funerals, three of which will take place tomorrow, will be attended by large numbers of people not only of the friends and acquaintances of the deceased but of their neighbors gen-

only of the friends and acquantances of the deceased but of their neighbors generally.

The body of Joseph Mulhall is now at his late nome at Firth and I streets southeast. The funeral services will be held at \$1. Peter's Church tomerrow morning at 9 o'clock and will be conducted by Father Sullivan.

It was not decided last evening what disposition would be made of the body of Daniel Conway. The arrangements are to be made by Sergeant Fitzgerald, his brother-in-law. Mrs Conway, the mother of the deceased, telegraphed Mr. Fitzgerald last evening that she desired the body to be taken to New York and it is probable that it will be sent to that city tonight for interment there to a crow.

The body of Thomas A. Griffin was removed yesterday afternoon from Gaw-leed, mader skipter, establishment at 1734.

removed yesterday afternoon from Gaw-ier's undertaking establishment at 1754 Pennsylvania avenue northwest, to his



Where the Bodies Were Found.

late home at No. 921 Twenty-fifth street northwest. The sad story of Griffin's life was told yesterday in The Evening Times. He had but recently been mar-ried. The funeral services will be held at St. Stephen's Church tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock and will be conducted by Father O'Connell.

The remains of George Giles were removed yesterday to his home, 1742 Fourteenth street porthwest.

The services will probably be at Wast Street Presbyterian Church, of which he

was a member, the interment to be at Oak Hill Cemetery. Mr. Giles was a member of several lodges, which will make the arrangements.

The selection of the palibearers will

probably be made today and in each case there will be a number of the members of their respective companies on the list.

AT THE BURNT SECTION. The scene of the fire was visited by thousands of people yesterday, notwith-standing the immense crowd that saw it all on Monday night. The cordon of the

ail on Monday night. The cordon of the police lines was much closer in than on the night of the fire so that people got a much hearer view of the total destruction in some places and the general blackened and scarred condition of all the houses touched by the flames.

The police are still in charge and will be until the insurance people have had an opportunity to complete their estimates. This was not possible yesterday, as it was only a few hours before dark when the firemen ceased work on some of the buildings, or actually had them under their official control.

ings, or actually had them under their official control.

The most surprised people were, of course, the country people, who came in the morning, and the greater numbers, who came in the late afternoon, for the usual sales of this day. Business was not, however, suspended on the block, as there are many houses which do the same business as was done in those which were destroyed, so that trade in country produce was not "paralyzed."

There was a suggestion yesterday that There was a suggestion yesterday that

the Commissioners be asked to permit the erection of tent bazaars for the transaction of business till the repairs can be made, but no petition had been made up made, but no I

#### TO REBUILD AT ONCE. The inconvenience to the merchants will

The inconvenience to the merchants will not, however, be of long continuance, as it was stated yesterday by the owners of nearly all the houses, damaged or destroyed, that they would begin at once the operations of rebuilding.

At present the scene is one of unutterable confusion. The sidewalks are littered with damaged goods in such shape that it is impossible to discover their real character. At the Clark and Bensinger places the wreck appears to be complete. The interior ruins are sadly picturesque. There was great curiosity among all the visitors to see the places where the firemen were killed.

The most careful, and perhaps the most accurate estimate of the losses is con-

accurate estimate of the losses is con-tained in the report handed into Lieut. Amiss by Officers Sears and Sprinkle at precinct No. 1. The names of the owners of the buildings, totally or partially de-stroyed, and their occupants and nature



The Last of the Wooden Horse,

of their business, were given yesterday of their lusiness, were given yesterday in The Evening Times.

The tabulation of the losses on stock and buildings as shown by the police report gives a total damage of \$177.890, on which was a total insurance of \$101.710. There are no reports in the cases of the premises at \$11.13 B street, but it is believed that the return from these places will run the damage on to \$200. claces will run the damage up to \$200,

It will be noticed that there is a dis-proportion between the insurance figures and the estimated damages. A well-informed insurance man said last night that this was explained by the fact that the insurance rate for these mercantile places is very large, and that consequently the owners of buildings and stocks prefer to take a great share of the risks them-

THE LOSS AND INSURANCE.

The amount of insurance to be paid out is the largest on the local companies for many years for any one fire. It is believed that about sixty thousand dollars



Joseph F. Muthall.

of the total is held by local companies, and fifty thousand dollars by companies represented here by agents only.

The following is the report made to Precinct No. 1, and it agrees with the estimates made from other sources in

E. J. Admins, 187-9 B. \$ 100 \$ 2 G. Taylor Wade, 211-15 B. No rep't No x W. W. Lishear, 215 B. 2 Lib John A. Davis, 217 B. 1,700 W. Shreve & Son, 221 B. 3,700 H. C. Cohurn, 131 B. 2,600 H. C. Cohurn, 131 B. 2,600 Brown Bros., 227 B. 3,000 Premises 31 B. 1,000 Golden, Love & Co., 225 La ave. Inconsiders W. A. Clark & Co., 526 La.

round numbers:

Inconsiderable. None 3,000 2,500 2,500 None Ave.

P. G. Swaine & Son. 939 La. ave.

P. G. Swaine & Son. 939 La. ave.

J. Geobegan, 202 La. ave.

Compton Bros., 234 La. ave.

O. O. Spicer, 936 La. ave.,

S. Bensinger, 938-49 La. ave., 300 15,000 9,000 6,000 3,000 Barar..... Value of stock......

\$177,800 \$101,700

a Nearly.

SYMPATHY FOR THE FAMILIES. While the expression of sympathy for the bereaved families of the martyrs to duty was general, there have been many substantial tenders of service, first of which was the subscription of The Times.

Arrangements have been made and others are making for a number of benefit per-formances, among which may be noted the following. following: Rev. Dr. Rodgers will on Tuesday night next give his beautiful lecture on Ben Hur at the Church of Our Father. The church will be given free of charge, a number of musicians have volunteered, and the enter-tainment will be, as usual, with the superb

Mrs. Flora C. Dyer tenders to The Times her ball room, and will furnish the music for a concert or whatever entertainment may be given at the ball room. Her address

may be given at the call foods. Her address
is 1517 R street northwest.

Miss Siddons, on behalf of all interested
in the performance, offers one-half of the
proceeds of the recital to be given on May
27 at Universalist Church. The price of in for this purpose has been reduced from \$1 to fifty cents, those baving pur-

Continued on Third Page.



LOSS IN TOBACCO CUSTOMS

Idle Will Fight for Cuba.

Captain General's Order Prohibiting Exportation of Tobacco Incenses the Cubans in Florida-Americans Who Have Made Large Purchases in the Island Will Lose Heavily.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 19.-The order f Gen. Weyler, prohibiting the exportaion of tobacco from Cuba, has caused consternation among the Cubans of Florida. The revenues of the United States govern 000 from the port of Tampa alone dur the next year, says Collector Wisson, of of the internal revenue department, if the orders are carried out by the Spanish inthorities.

Thousands of Cubans in Florida will be Thousands of Cubans in Florish will be thrown out of employment if there is no Cuban tobacco to manufacture, and, having nothing to do, these Cubans will go over to Cuba to fight for the independence of their native land. It is the general opinion that Gen. Weyler has made a bad move in issuing any such

order. His object, was, no doubt, to throw the Cubans in this country out of employment, and thus reduce their ability to aid the cause of the insurgents finadenily, but while he may succeed in this, he will, in reality, have strengthened the Cuban arrily to a great extent, and brought their victory nearer.

FACTORY SHUTS DOWN.

FACTORY SHUTS DOWN.

Tampa, Fig., May 19.—The eigar industry of this city is beginning to feel the effects of the war in Cuba to a serious extent.

Yesterday rumors were current on the street that Yoor Manrara's factory had shut down and that others had also ciosed down. A reporter went out to see Mr. Manrara and others concerning the report. Mr. Manrara was in his office as usual and when approached said they were working, but that probably they would shat down this morning for a few days. The other factories were at work as usual.

The Spanish government has fixed the

were at work as usual.

The Spanish government has fixed the limit for exportation of tobacco from the Island at the 20th of May. After that date no more tobacco will be allowed to feare Caba. At this time, American buyers have invested millions of dollars in the leaf as it hangs in the dry houses, and which is insuch a condition that it campot be safely removed inside of sixty days. a condition that it cannot be safely removed inside of sixty days.

The weather there at this time is as dry as it is here, and the leaf cannot be handled without great loss to the purchaser. The Spanish government is quite well aware of this and their object is to strike at the backtone of Cuban ilberty by cutting off the means through which the insurgents derive their principal support.

A SELVERY BLOW

A SEVERE BLOW. This is a severe blow to the American This is a ecvere blow to the American industry and a great injustice to American citizens, who have invested so neavily in Cuban leaf tobacco. The government of the United States has already been advised of the status of the case and have been asked to use its good offices with the Spanish government to get an extension of the limit for sixty days, so as to allow American purchasers to set their \$1,500 allow American purchasers to get their values out of the island. It is hoped the United States government will act promptly in this matter, as the limit fixed now is very short, and delay would result in

In case the extension is not granted the manufacturers do not know just whot, will be done by them. But one thing is certain. The eigarnakers will flock to the island by thousands and take up arms in the cause of liberty. All over the atreets and in the cafes this was the talk.

If the extension is not granted 5,000 cigarmakers from Tampa will be in Cuba and on their way there within sixty days.

# JUDGE ON TRIAL.

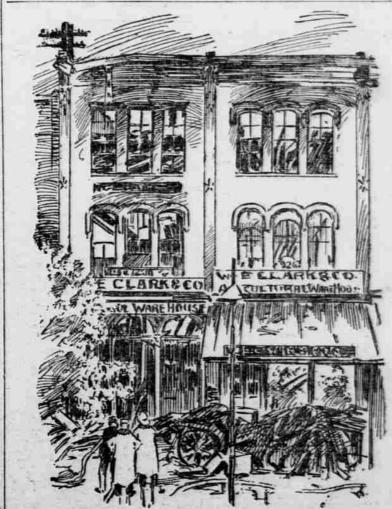
Chief Justice Snodgrass of Tennessee Charged With Intent to Kill. Chattanoega, Tenn. May 19.- The case f State vs. David L. Snedgrass, chief of State vs. David L. Snedgrass, chief justice of the Tennessee supreme bench, was called at 11 o'clock this morning in was called at 11 o cases has morning in the circuit court of Hamilton county. The defendant is charged with assauli with intent to kill Cel. J. R. Bessley, for reflecting on a judicial decision to which Snodgrass was a party as a "political decision".

Judge Snodgrass meeting Beasley, demanded retraction, and after hot words, drew a revolver and wonded him in the arm. Beasley ran for governor in 1882 on the Greenback ticket. The case will

last some days.

Cholera in Egypt. Alexandria, May 19.- in this city there were twenty-eight deaths from cholera. today. In Cairo there was six deaths from the disease and in Old Cairo eighters

Congress Heights ornice 631 Pa. ave. nw.



The Places Where the Firemen Died.